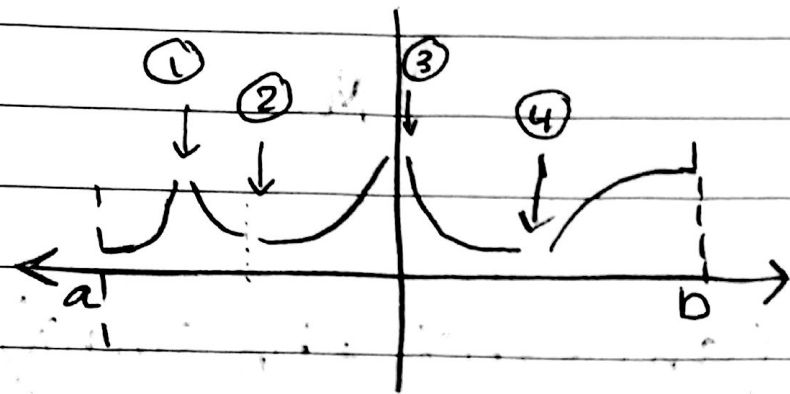


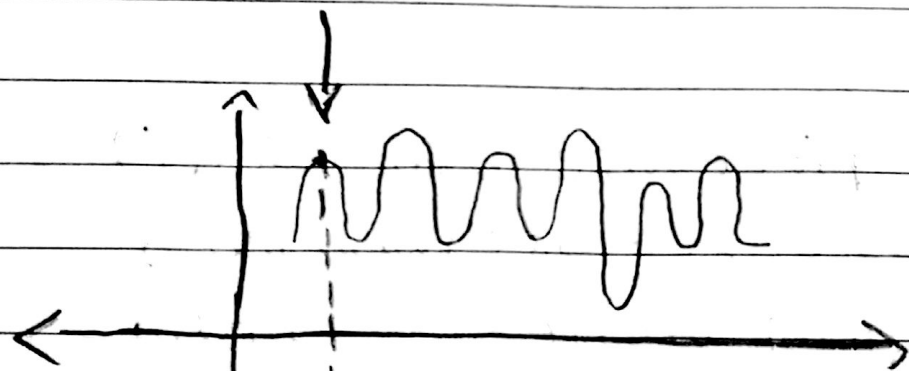
Lec1Mathematics

## Fourier Series

\* piece wise Cont Fn.



لا بد ان يكون معروف بدايتها  
ونهايتها تقول لا بد  
تحدد عدد لياسته  
ولها ستر  
ونقاط عدم الاتصال  
فيها يمكن عددها



Fourier

بشكل دوري  
من

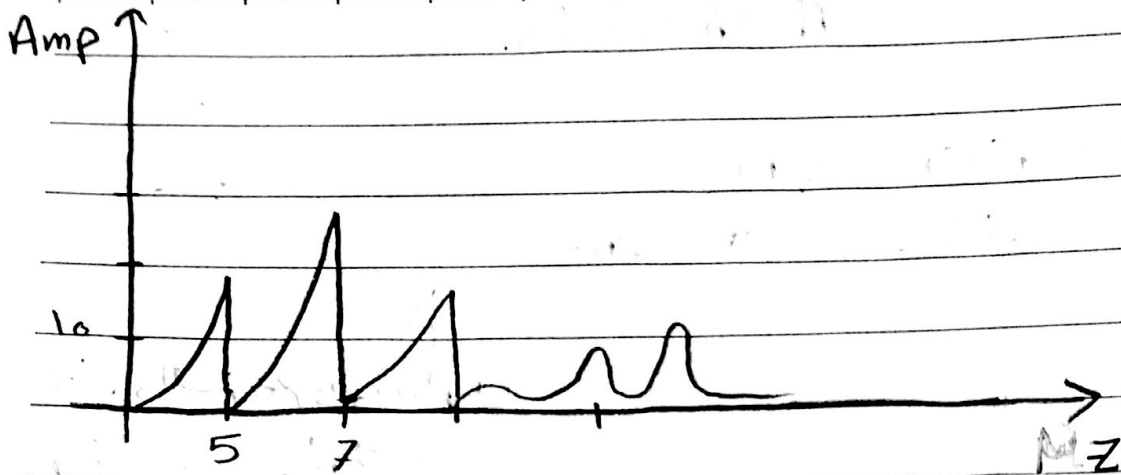
Sin x

أو

Cos x

Date:

Subject:



spectrum

$$*) F(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\underbrace{a_n}_{a_1, a_2, \dots} \cos nx + \underbrace{b_n}_{b_1, b_2, \dots} \sin nx)$$

at  $P = 2\pi$ لاى دالة  $\sim$  piecewise  $\sim$  دورى[  $F(x+P) = F(x)$  ]

Fourier series

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} F(x) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} F(x) \cos nx dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} F(x) \sin nx dx$$

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$$\int_{-\pi}^{+\pi} F(x) dx = \frac{a_0}{2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} dx + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} a_n \cos nx dx + \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} b_n \sin nx dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{a_0}{2} x \Big|_{-\pi}^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{a_0}{2} [\pi - (-\pi)]$$

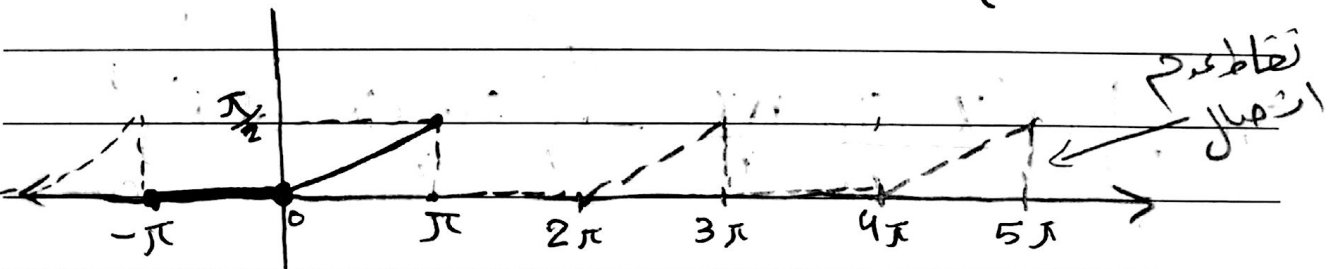
$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} F(x) dx = \boxed{\pi a_0}$$

Ex:  $F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & -\pi \leq x < 0 \\ \frac{x}{2} & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$

$$, F(x+2\pi) = F(x)$$

$$\text{period} = 2\pi$$

المتغير بالقواسم  $\rightarrow$   $\pi$  نصف الدالة



عبر نقطة (0)

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$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} F(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \int_{-\pi}^0 0 dx + \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{2} dx \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{x^2}{4} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{x^2}{4\pi} \Big|_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{4\pi} - \frac{0}{4\pi} = \boxed{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} F(x) \cos nx dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{2} \cos nx dx \right]$$

$$+ \int_{-\pi}^0 0 \cos nx dx$$

by parts

$$= \text{Let } u = x \quad \begin{matrix} \nearrow x \\ \nwarrow -\int \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} dv = \cos nx dx \\ v = \frac{\sin nx}{n} \end{matrix}$$

$$du = dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{x \sin nx}{n} - \int \frac{\sin nx}{n} dx \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi n} \left[ x \sin nx + \frac{\cos nx}{n} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

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$$\sin n\pi = 0$$

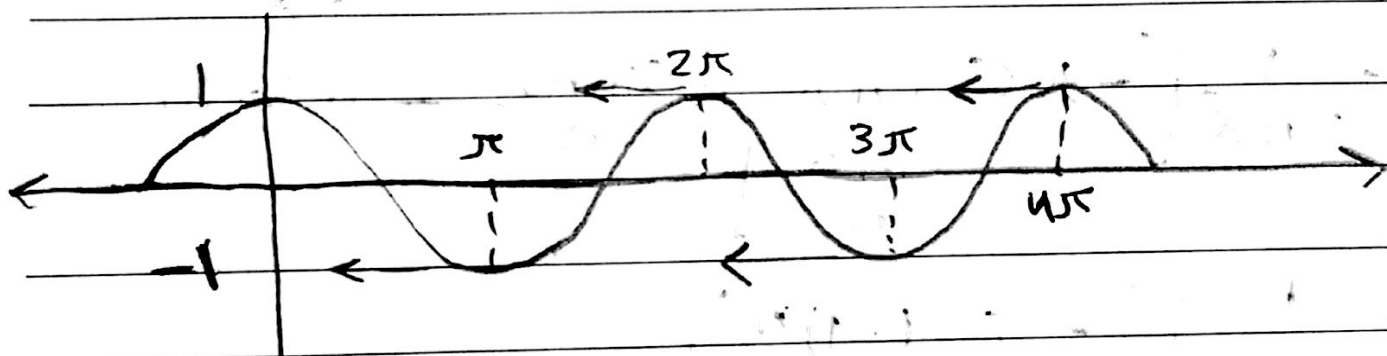
$$\cos n\pi = ?$$

$$\sin 0 = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{2\pi n} \left[ \frac{\cos n\pi}{n} - \frac{\cos 0}{n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2n^2\pi} [\cos n\pi - \cos 0]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2n^2\pi} [(-1)^n - 1]$$



لو  $n$  فردی  $\cos$   $\rightarrow$  -1  
لو  $n$  زوجی  $\cos$   $\rightarrow$  1

$$\therefore \cos n\pi = (-1)^n$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \int_{-\pi}^0 0 \sin nx \, dx + \int_0^{\pi} \frac{x}{2} \sin nx \, dx \right]$$

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$$b_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ \int_0^\pi x \sin nx \, dx \right]$$

$$u = x \quad dv = \sin nx \, dx$$

$$du = dx \quad v = -\frac{\cos nx}{n}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[ -\frac{x \cos nx}{n} + \int \frac{\cos nx}{n} \, dx \right]_0^\pi$$

$$= \frac{1}{2n\pi} \left[ -x \cos nx + \int \cos nx \, dx \right]_0^\pi$$

$$= \frac{1}{2n\pi} \left[ -x \cos nx + \frac{\sin nx}{n} \right]_0^\pi$$

$$= \frac{1}{2n\pi} \left[ -\pi \cos n\pi + \frac{\sin n\pi}{n} - 0 \cos 0 - \frac{\sin 0}{n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2n\pi} \left[ -\pi (-1)^n \right]$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2n} (-1)^n$$

$$F_x = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{8} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \frac{1}{2\pi n^2} ((-1)^n - 1) (\cos nx) \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{-1}{2n} (-1)^n (\sin nx) \right]$$